THE HUNTRESS.

EDUCATION—"*The main pillar which sustains the Temple of Liberty.*"—JOHNSON.

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THE HUNTRESS

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BY

MRS. ANNE ROYALL.

TERMS.

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SELECTED TALES.

THE DEMON SHIP,

THE PIRATE OF THE MEDITERRANEAN.

(*Continued.*)

And now shall I waste words in telling what were my feelings during the hour of horror I have described? I felt as one who had dreamed himself in security, and awoke in the infernal regions. I felt that in a few hours I might not only be butchered in cold blood myself, but might see Margaret—that was the thought that unmanned me. I tried to think if any remedy yet remained, if aught lay in our power to avert our coming fate. Nothing offered itself. I felt that we were entirely in the power of the Demon buccaneers. I saw that all that Girod could do was to gain a few hours' delay. Oh! when we stand suddenly, but assuredly, on the verge of disembodied existence, who can paint that strange revulsion of feeling which takes place in the human bosom? I had never been one who held it a duty to conceal from any human being that approaching crisis of his destiny which will usher him before the tribunal of his Maker; and my earnest desire now was to inform Margaret as quickly as possible of her coming fate. But after Girod's parting injunction, I feared to precipitate the last fatal measures by any step that might seem taken with reference to them. I therefore lay still until morning was further advanced. I then rose and left my cabin. It was yet scarcely broad day, but many a face I had not before seen met my eye, many a countenance whose untameable expression of ferocity had doubtless been deemed, even by the ruffian commander himself, good reason for hitherto keeping them from observation. All on the quarter deck was quiet. The sky light of the cabin was closed, and it seemed that the Countess and her female attendants were still enjoying a calm and secure repose. I longed to descend and arouse them from a sleep which was soon to be followed by a deeper slumber: but the step would have been hazardous, and I therefore walked up and down the quarter deck, sometimes anxiously watching for the removal of the sky light, sometimes straining my vision on the horizon, and sometimes casting a furtive glance towards the evidently increasing crew on deck, whilst ever and anon my soul rose in prayer to its God, and spread its fearful cause before him.

I had now an opportunity of discovering the real nature of my sentiments towards Margaret. They stood the test which overthrows many a summer day attachment. I felt that, standing as my soul was on the verge of its everlasting fate, it lost not one of its feelings of tenderness. They had assumed indeed, a more sacred character, but they were not diminished. The sun arose and the Countess appeared on deck. I drew her to the stern of the vessel, so that her back was to the crew, and there divulged the fearful secret which so awfully concerned her. At first, the woman only appeared in Margaret; her cheek was pale, her lips bloodless, and respiration seemed almost lost in terror and overbearing astonishment. She soon, however, gained comparative self possession. 'I must be alone for a few moments,' she said. 'Perhaps you will join me in a brief hour.' She enveloped her face in her shawl to hide its agitation from the crew, and hastily descended to her cabin. When I joined her at the time she had appointed, a heavenly calm had stolen over her countenance. She held out one hand to me, and pointing upwards with the other, said, 'I have not implored in vain. Come and sit by me, my friend: our moments are numbered here on earth, but oh! what an interminable existence stretches beyond it. In such a moment as this, how do we feel the necessity of some better aid than aught our own unprofitable lives can yield.' Margaret's bible [illegible] on whom her soul relied. She summoned her maidens, and we all read and prayed together. Her attendants were two sisters of less exalted mind than their mistress but whose piety, trembling and lowly was equally genuine. They sat locked in one another's arms, pale and weeping.

It was a difficult day to pass, urged by prudence and the slender remains of hope, to appear with our wonted bearing before the crew. We felt, too, that there was something suspicious in our remaining so long together, but we found it almost impossible to loose our grasp on each other's hands and separate. Too plain indications that our sentence was at length gone forth soon began to show themselves. Our scanty breakfast had been served early in the morning, with a savage carelessness of manner to us ominously contrasted with the over-done attentions we had before received; and the non appearance of any subsequent meal, though the day wasted space, fearfully proved to us that the Demon captain now held further ceremony with his doomed passengers useless. Margaret held me to her with a gentle and trembling tenacity that rendered it difficult for me to leave her, even for a moment—but I felt the duty of ascertaining whether any aid yet appeared in view, or whether Girod could effect aught for us. I walked towards evening round the quarter deck—not a sail was to be seen on the horizon. I endeavored to speak to Girod, but he seemed studiously and fearfully to avoid me. The captain was above, and the deck was thronged. I believe this desperate crew was composed of 'all people, nations, and languages.' Once only I met Girod's eye as he passed me quickly in assisting to hoist a sail. He looked me fixedly and significantly in the face. It was enough; that expressive regard said, 'Your sentence has gone forth!' I instantly descended to the cabin, and my fellow victims read in my countenance the extinction of hope. We now fastened the door—I primed my pistols, and placed them in my bosom, and clinging to one another, we waited our fate. It was evident that the ship had been put about, and that we were sailing in a different direction—for the sun which had set over the bows of the vessel, now sent his parting rays into the stern windows. Margaret put her hand into mine with a gentle confidence, which our circumstances then warranted, and I held her close to me. She stretched out her other hand to her female attendants, who clinging close together, each held a hand of their mistress. 'Dear Edward!' said Margaret, grasping my arm. It was almost twelve years since I had heard these words from her lips; but it now seemed as if there were between us a mutual, though tacit understanding of our feelings for each other. Unrestrained at such a moment, by the presence of the domestics, Margaret and I used the most endearing expressions, and, like a dying husband and wife, bade solemn farewell to each other. We all then remained silent, our quick beating hearts raised in prayer, and our ears open to every sound that seemed to approach the cabin. Perhaps the uncertain nature of the death we were awaiting rendered its approach more fearful. The ocean must and shortly be our grave; but whether the wave, the pistol or the dagger, would be the instrument of our destruction, we knew not; whether something like mercy would be shown by our butchers in the promptness of our execution, or whether they might take a ruffianly pleasure in inflicting a lingering pain: Had Margaret or I been alone in these awful circumstances, I believe this thought would not have occupied us a moment—but to be doomed to be spectators of the butchery of those we love, makes the heart recoil in horror from the last crisis, even when it believes that the sword of the assassin will prove the gate of heaven.

The sun sank on the waters, and the last tinge of crimson faded on the waves that now rolled towards the stern windows in dun and dismal billows. The wind, as is often the case at sunset, died on the ocean. At this moment I heard the voice of the captain—'Up to the top of the mainmast, Jack, and see if there be any sail on the horizon.' The group of victims in the cabin scarcely drew breath while waiting a reply which would decide their fate. We distinguished the sound of feet running up the shrouds. A few moments elapsed ere the answer was received. At length we heard a—'Well, Jack, well?' which was followed by the springing of a man on deck, and the words, 'Not a sail within fifty miles, I'll be sworn.'

'Well, then, do the work below!' was the reply: 'But (with an oath) don't let's have any squalling and squalling. Fasten them quietly. And take all the trumpery out of the cabin, for we shall hold revel there to-night.' A step now came softly down the cabin stair, and a hand tried the door, but found it fastened. I quieted Margaret, and placed myself at the entrance of the cabin. 'Whoever,' said I, 'attempts to come into this place does it at the peril of his life. I fire the instant the latch is raised.' A voice said, 'Laissez moi entrer donc.' I hesitated for a moment, and then unfastened the door. Girod entered, and locked it after him. He dragged in with him four strings, with heavy stones appended to them, and the same number of sacks. The females sank on the floor. In the twinkling of an eye Girod rolled up the carpet of the cabin, and took up the trap-door which every traveller knows is to be found in the cabins of merchantmen. 'In—in,' he said in French to the Countess and myself. I immediately descended, received Margaret into my arms, and was holding them out for the other females, when the trap-door was instantly closed and bolted, the carpet laid down, and the cabin door unlocked, and Girod called out, 'Here, you, Harry, Jack, how call you yourselves. I've done for two of dem. I can't manage no more. Dat tamned Colonel, when I put in de sack, he almost brake de arm.' Heavy feet trampling over the cabin floor with a sound of struggling, were now heard over our head. A stifled shriek, which died into a deed groan, succeeded—then two heavy splashes into the water, with the bubbling noise of something sinking beneath the waves, and the fate of the two innocent sisters was decided. 'Where's Monsieur Girod?' at length said a rough voice. 'Oh, he's gone above,' was the reply! thinks himself too good to kill any body but *quality*.' 'No, no,' answered the other, 'I'm Girod's friend through the backbone—the funniest fellow of the whole crew. But he had a private quarrel against that captain down at the bottom of the sea the e, so he asks our commander not to let any body lay hands on him but himself. A very natural thing to ask. There—close that locker, heave out the long table, there'll be old revel here to-night.' At this moment Girod again descended. 'All hands aloft,' my lads,' he cried, 'make no attention to de carpet dere—matters not, for I must fairly descend and give out de farine for de party. We have no more cursed voyagers, so make revel heare to night vid a de inconvenience.' He soon descended with a light into our wooden dungeon.

Her unexpected rescue, the fate of her domestics, and the sudden obscurity in which we were involved, had almost overpowered Margaret's senses, but they returned with the light. 'Poor Katie, poor Mary. Alas! for their aged mother!' she said in a low and subdued tone, of one who seems half dreaming a melancholy and frightful dream, and looking with horror on Girod. 'I would have saved you all, had it been possible,' said Jacquemont in French. 'But how were all to be hid, and kept in this place? What I have done is at the risk of my life. But there is not a moment to be lost. I have the keeping of the stern hold. Look you—here be two rows of meal sacks fore and aft. If you, mideli, can hide behind one, and you, Colonel, behind the other, ye may have in some sort two little chambers to yourselves, after English fashion. Or if you prefer the same hiding place, take it, in heaven's name, but loose not a moment. 'And what will be the end of all this?' asked I, after some hurried expressions of gratitude—'God knoweth;' he replied, 'I will from time to time, when I descend to give out meal and clean out the place, bring you provisions. How long this can last—where we are going—and whether in the end I can rescue you, time must be the shower. If we should put into some port of the Levant, perhaps I may be able to pass you on shore in one of these sacks: but we are still on the Gibraltar side of Malta, and shall not see land for a month—only, for God's sake, keep quiet. I'd leave you a light, but it would be dangerous. I doubt you'll be stifled alive. Yet there's no help for it—Hide, hide—I dare stay not one moment longer.' He rolled down a heap of biscuits, placed a pitcher of water beside them, and departed.

Never will our first fearful night in that strange concealment be forgotten. The Demon crew held wild revelry over our head. Their fierce and incautious speech, their lawless songs, their awful demoniac oaths, their wild intoxication, made Margaret thrill with a horror that half excited a wish to escape in death from the polluting vicinity of such infernal abominations. The hold was so shallow that we appeared close to the revellers. Their voices sounded so near that we seemed almost among them, and our concealment a miracle: while the heat became so stifling and unbearable, that we could scarcely gasp, and I began to fear that Margaret would expire in my arms.

It was a strange reflection that we might, almost without the warning of an instant, be in the hands of our brutal and unconscious jailors; for our concealment afforded not even the slender defence of an inside lock or bolt, and the carpet, which seemed to present a light barrier between us and the Demon horde, had been rolled up, as no longer necessary to give our late accommodations the peaceful appearence of a cabin fitted up for passengers. The light streamed here and there through a crevice in the trap-door, and I involuntarily trembled when I saw it fall on the white garments of Margaret, as if, even in that concealment, it might betray her. We dared scarcely whisper a word of encouragement or consolation to each other—dared scarcely breathe, or stir even a hand from the comfortless attitude in which we were placed.—We could hear them speak occasionally of our murder, in a careless and incidental manner. The captain expressed his regret that we had not, as matters turned out, been earlier disposed of, and made a sort of rough apology to his shipmates for the inconvenience our prolonged existence must have occasioned them.

At length the revellers broke up. I listened attentively until I became convinced that no one occupied the cabin that night, I then ventured gently to push up the trap-door a little, in order to give air to my exhausted companion. But the fumes that entered were any thing but reviving. All was dark and quiet as death, and I could hear the rain descending violently on the cabin sky light. The wind was high and the ship rolled tremendously. We heard the roar of the waters against the side of our prison, and the heavy dashing on the deck of high billows, which even make their way down the cabin stairs.

(*To be continued.*)

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A Bottomless Pit.—'Sam, don't you know who that man is yonder.'

'I can't say I do, Harry, but he looks like a deep, shrewd fellow.'

'Well, Sam, his name is *Pit*—and he is so very *deep* that no *bottom* to him has ever yet been discovered.'

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Knowledge of English.—A smart youth, on embarking at Bourdeaux for the New Orleans expedition, went about the town two or three days trying to buy a *United States* directory.

WASHINGTON CITY.

SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 30, 1839

HOTELS AND TAVERNS IN WASHINGTON—*continued.*

The two great *mammoth hotels* of the city. Gadsby's and Brown's, is at or nearly opposite corners of Sixth street and the Avenue. Mr. Gadsby's is precisely at the corner, running down to a great length, and extending back to C street. It is an immense building, containing 240 rooms, besides the bar-room, family rooms, reading rooms and kitchen.

It is built in the form of a parallelogram, the main building occupying one line of the square, enclosing a large area in the centre.

On the *three sides of* the area lie the principle rooms, three stories high, with galleries in the front of each story, extending in one unbroken line from corner to corner of the main building.

It is large enough to entertain from three to four hundred persons.

The proprietor has retired to private life with his family, leaving the management of the house to the joint care of his son and son in-law.

The house has lost nothing, if it has not gained by the change—Mr. Gadsby, the younger, being one of the most amiable men living—modest, polite, and accomplished in every thing that gives dignity to a gentleman. His company is much sought after and admired. Mr. G. is a small, light figure, and has a countenance of the most winning sweetness in nature. Such is but a faint outline of our hero. But alas! ladies, our hero is a married man!!!

Mr. *Newton*, the son-in-law, and formerly of Alexandria, is also a most amiable man. So long as he has occupied the house, we have never missed him—late and early he is on duty.

Mr. N. is a middle aged man, with a stout, commanding figure, and a countenance of the most engaging suavity. His manners are modest, mild, and captivating, and so much do these two gentlemen resemble in demeanor, that it must strike every one who calls at the place.

The clerk, or, as we believe they are called in the atlantic States, bar-keeper, is no less amiable than his patron. This gentleman is called Mr. McCready—he is a pleasant man, of elegant manners. Attentive servants and porters are at hand on the slightest touch of the bell.

The visiters are presented every forenoon with a bill of fare, which consists of all the varieties to be found in the market. The house merely receives and entertains visitors and travellers. They are opposed to keeping boarders. It is called "The National Hotel."

Mr. *Brown's*, the second mammoth hotel, extends from the Avenue back to C street, and half a square in length, contains 159 rooms, and can entertain 500 persons. It is also a parallelogram, three sides of which are closed, and contains the bar, parlours, lodging rooms, and dining room and reading rooms. The fourth side is open with galleries in front, the whole depth of the building.

The proprietor familiarly called *Jesse Brown*, is one of your plain, honest, straight forward men, who has become wealthy by his care and industry, is now advanced in years, and takes his ease, leaving the management of the house to his sons, which have grown to manhood.

But the main stay of the Indian Queen (the name of the hotel,) is Mrs. *Brown*, who, perhaps, has no equal for skill and industry.

She is to be seen actively moving every where, late and early, and not a particle of the culinary department is performed that does not pass under her eye, and much of it under her own hand. The whole of the domestic concern goes on like a well regulated clock. Mrs. B is, however, a charitable lady to the poor.

This house is as old as the city, and the fame of both this and Gadsby's is known throughout the *United States* and in Europe. We believe they keep Congress boarders at Mr. Brown's. The bar-keeper is a very attentive young man, and the servants and porters are active and obliging.

The "STEAMBOAT HOUSE," kept by a Mr. Thomas Lloyd, is nearly opposite Brown's, near the corner of Seventh street and the Avenue, facing the market-house. It is a house of respectable size, containing twenty-five rooms, well furnished; Mrs. Lloyd, like Mrs. Brown, being the polar star of the house.

"MECHANICS AND WORKING MEN'S HALL" is a few doors west of Lloyd's on Seventh street. It is kept by Mr. *Owen Sheckles*, a very obliging, gentlemanly man, of a prepossessing countenance, and kind in his manners. He takes uncommon pains to please, and generous as a prince. *Success to him.*

The sign of the *Cannons*. This is a small public house, or rather refectory, next door to the "*Hall.*" It is kept by a *widow*, and from all appearance, one who needs assistance.

"GLOBE HOTEL." This house is on the Avenue, very high up town, near the corner of Thirteenth street. Mr. *James Maher* is the proprietor.

It is a large neat house, but we do not know the number of rooms.

Mr. M. is a warm-hearted obliging man, and keeps one of the best tables in the city. Mrs. Maher, however, deserves the credit of this. She is a landlady of a thousand! active in her business, affable and obliging to all, rich and poor—the needy and indigent always find in her a friend. She is, moreover, every inch a lady. May she meet her reward!

Mr. Maher is likewise known as the *public gardner*, and it is to his taste, skill, and industry, the public are indebted for the beauty and brilliance of the numerous shrubbery and variety of flowers which decorate the public squares of the capitol, and President's house. These are amongst the best specimens of open, cultivated flower gardens in the United States, and the admiration of all strangers who visit the place.

But we understand, over and above all this, Mr. Maher has turned *politician*! If this be true, we should think he had too many irons in the fire—of course some of them must cool.

"FULLER'S HOTEL" is the next in order, high up on Pa. Avenue. It will be recollected that Mr. Fuller gave up his extensive hotel for the use of the General Post Office, and removed to the house formerly kept by Mr. Strauther, near by where he continues the business. This is large and convenient, but not so convenient nor so elegant a house as the first, which is not inferior to the mammoths "down town."

Mr. Fuller, who was very popular, has retired to a neighboring farm, and has left the house to the care of his *son* and son-in law, which is said to be well conducted, though we have never been either of the gentlemen to know them. But we have the pleasure of being acquainted with their ladies, Mrs. Clark and Mrs. Fuller. They are quite young, genteel, and accomplished ladies, of elegant manners, and possess much personal beauty.

We should have mentioned the "THEATRE HOUSE," kept by Mr. *Powell*, though it sits a little back from the Avenue, near the National Theatre. Mr. *Powell* is one of your real clever fellows, and quite popular. His houses, for he has two, are rather small, but generally well filled, and Mrs. Powell is amongst the most affable and fascinating landladies up town.

"FRANKLIN INN. This house is on the corner of Eighth and D streets, owned by Thomas Baker, Esq and is one of the best kept taverns of the class in the city, and has a good run, Mr. B. being a man of very engaging manners. He had the misfortune of being burned out about a year since. But from his industry and enterprize, and that of his amiable help-mate, Mrs. B. he is once more in successful operation in a *new* and commodious house, built upon the spot where the first stood! May his patronage be ample, as his merits richly deserve.

"UNION STAR HOTEL." This is a large respectable house in F street near 13th, kept by A. Butler, Esq one of your *whole soul* men, and does a handsome business. His table and bar is replete with every thing delicious both to eat and to drink that money can command. Call and see him.

There is a *tavern* on Eleventh street, between the Avenue and E street, kept by Mr. ROSENTHAL, a German.

We have never seen the proprietor, or been in the house—but he is very highly spoken of as a gentleman in his manners and principles, and said to keep a good house.

Mr. *Shaen*: This is an old friend and acquaintance of our's, which we have overlooked, because we were not aware that he belonged to the corps of *tavern keepers* or *refectories*. But we learn the contrary since we commenced this article, whether the report be true or otherwise, we know that Mr. Shahan keeps a very splendid variety store on the corner of Sixth and the Avenue, opposite Gadsby's Hotel, and those who call will be amply repaid by the humour and rich flow of wit and anecdote, of Mr. Shaen's well stored mind. He is never to be taken by surprise. He is at home on any subject.

Mr. S. is a stout, fine looking man, but has the misfortune to be lame.

He is assisted in the store by Mrs. Shaen and two sons. Mrs. S. is an affable, lady like woman, no ways inferior to her husband in wit and pleasantry of manners May their honest efforts be crowned with success.

Having gone through with the public houses and refectories of the city, so far as our memory serves,* we sieze the present moment to make our grateful acknowledgments to the gentlemen named in this and two other papers, for their kindness and liberality to us in a time of *pressing need* All the return in our power to make is, to implore for them the kindness of man, and the favor of heaven!

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* Mr. Dowling in F street, a very amiable man, is omitted at his own request, as he has other business to attend to besides the tavern.

OFFICERS, CLERKS AND MESSENGERS IN THE CAPITOL OF THE UNITED STATES.

SENATE.

We have long deferred the publication of promotions, deaths, resignations, &c of the Congressional officers and their subordinates.

In the Senate, Mr. Secretary *Lowry*, a great and mighty missionary, after striving in vain to spread the gospel upon the Senate, obeyed a call to a public agency of all sorts of missions, home and foreign. This is some two or three years since. How he has aided the spread of the gospel, let the increase of crime speak.

Mr. *Asbury Dickens*, the present Secretary, who was elected to fill the place of Mr. Lowry, is a very different man, and has nothing to do with tracts. He is a man of pleasant, mild manners, and has a countenance every way unlike the black, long, demon visage of his predecessor, who never gave a cent to the poor in his life, to our knowledge.

Besides the Secretary, there are six clerks in the Senate.

Mr. *Lewis H Machen* (rather blue,) has succeeded Mr. *McDonald*, deceased, as *chief clerk*. He is no doubt a very competent clerk, as he has been many years a common clerk in the Secretary's office.

Mr. *Wm. Hickey* is the only clerk left of the old stock, and he is but so so. He is but seldom in his place. We have not seen him in several years.

Wm. Carr. Mr. Carr may be called a new appointment, and though he has been a clerk some time, yet we never had the pleasure to see him till last week. He is young looking, but pale and care worn. His features are round, regular, and interesting, with a soft blue eye. His countenance is mild and placid, and rather intelligent.

He is of common size, and pleasing manners. He is the son of Mr. O. Carr, deceased, Door keeper to the House of Representatives of the U. S.

Wm. J. McDonald. Mr. McD. is the son of the former chief clerk of the Senate, now deceased; He is quite a young man, of genteel appearance. His figure is neat, rather below common height. His face is oval and thin, with large blue, or perhaps grey eyes. Having met him but once, a casual observation is all we are able to make. His countenance is open and intelligent.

John C. Fitzpatrick. Mr. F. has been a clerk in the Senate some time, it appears, yet we never saw him to our knowledge till a few days since. He is still a very young looking man, with a tall, fine figure, straight as an Indian, and his face is one of the best mould. His forehead is broad and retreating, and gives him a very manly appearance. His countenance is staid and innocent, and his manners are courteous and pleasing.

Wm. Patton, the sixth and last clerk we have never seen. He ought to have been in his place.

Hon. *Judge Haight.* This gentleman succeeded the lamented Edward Wyer, deceased, as door-keeper. He was once a clever man, until he joined the tract corps.

Mr. *J. L Clubb.* Mr. C. is an humble messenger in the Secretary's office, though one of the most amiable men living. Mr. C. is a young man, rather care worn. He is of common size, with a handsome, round face, and mild, dark eye. His countenance has much sweetness of expression, and his manners are very gentlemanly and winning.

(To be continued)

CONGRESS.

We have, up to this late hour (Friday,) seen but two members of the 26th Congress; Hon. —— Henry, of Pa. and a new member from Connecticut. We shall soon, however, come down upon their honors about our claim.

Only think what we have done. Nine months have we sustained our paper against the *whole* KENDALL & CO. HOST!!!? Such an instance of resistance and perseverance is perhaps not to be found on record, though we owe much to the generosity of the citizens, and to our indefatigable friend, Sally, (Mrs. Stack.)

Meantime we wish to put the members of the *House* upon their guard. It is *whispered* meetings have been held in the city, the proceedings of which are secret—(at least we have never seen them published,) the object of which is supposed to be an attempt to expel the *New Jersey* members by a mob: Look out, "Jersey Blues! Recollect the plains of Monmouth.

POETRY.

SERENADE.

Awake, awake, lady,
Thy lover is nigh;
He waits but the signal,—
Thy bright flashing eye!
If slumber has bound thee,
Cast off her dull chain,
And haste away, lady,
Where lingers Jermain.

Oh, softly the breezes
Are breathing around,
Their warmest of kisses,
And low murmur'd sound;
And the whip poor will pours
From her wild, lonely bower,
Her richest of songs
On the midnight hour.

The dew drop is shining
From leaf, stalk, and flowers;
And fairies are gliding
Around their green bowers;
The blue bell is flashing
Her delicate sheen,—
And the moss cover'd rock
Lies in shadows between;

The full moon is pouring
Her light o'er the sea,
And brightly she silvers
The flowers of the lea;
The pale star of even
Is sinking to rest;
Then haste thee, haste to me,
My brightest and best.

Oh come, let us speed
To that beautiful land,
Where the orange flower blooms,
And the proud cypress stands;
Where the sun shines forever
On streamlet or dell,—
And I'll leave thee love, never,
There, there will we dwell:

A True Anecdote.—Governor Chittenden: the first of the name who filled the office of Chief Magistrate of Vermont—had two sons named Martin and Trueman. The first of these was deemed less brightly endowed by nature than the other, and a college education was given him to remedy the supposed deficiency. Trueman, who never lacked in mother wit, was placed upon the farm. It chanced one day that the Governor had in his barn a calf, so little endowed with animal instinct, as not to be able to draw sustenance from its mother cow; nor all the efforts of the Governor or his help could make the creature suck the teat.

'Trueman,' said his father 'what shall we do with this foolish calf? How shall we learn him to suckle?'

'I don't know, really, father,' returned the son, with the most commendable gravity, 'unless you send him to college with Martin.'—[Barre Gazette.

—— : ——

'My son hold up your head, and tell me who was the strongest man?'

'Jonah.'

'Why so?'

''Cause the whale could'nt hold him, after he had him down.'

'That's a man—you need'nt wear a night-shirt any longer.'

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Matrimony.—I've been afraid to venture on matrimony myself, and I don't altogether think that I shall speculate in that line for one while, it just suits a rovin man like me; it's a considerable of a tie; and then it aint like a horse deal, which if you don't like the beast, you can put it off in a raffle, or a swop, and suit yourself better, but you must make the best of a bad bargain, and put up with it: It aint often you meet a critter of the right mettle; spirited yet gentle, easy on the bit—sure footed and spry—no biten, no kickin or sulken, or racen, or refusen to go, or runnen back, and then sleek limbed and carriage; it's about the difficultest piece of business I know of.—*Sam Slick.*

'I am secured against impertinent intrusion,' said a culprit in a solitary cell. 'I am sole tenant, and have peaceable possession.'

When a young lady dies in consequence of disappointed love, the disease may be properly termed an *affection* of the heart.

A knavish attorney asked a very worthy gentleman what was honesty? 'What is that to you? meddle with those things that concern you.'

"The Visitor," a pretty little paper is received.

Interesting Question—At a debating club the question was discussed, whether there is more happiness in the possession or pursuit of an object, 'Mr. President,' said a young orator, 'suppose I was courtin a young gal, and she was for to run away, and I was to run arter her, wouldn't I be happier when I cotched her than when I was running arter her?'

How to preserve Apples—A writer in the Newark Advertiser says that an excellent plan to preserve winter apples, is by drying them in the sun for two or three days when fresh gathered, and then to pack them in barrels or hogsheads, with sand perfectly clear of moisture or clay, in such a way that they will not touch each other. In this way they may be made to keep a year after they are packed.

HEAD-QUARTERS

JOSEPH SMITH, Seventh street, nearly opposite the Patriotic Bank, begs to inform his friends and the public generally, that he has laid in, and always intends keeping on hand, a choice collection of WINES and LIQUORS of all kinds.

Norfolk Oysters, and all the Delicacies of the season, served up at the shortest notice, in the most approved manner, and on reasonable terms.

Having for many years been engaged in his present business, he feels confident in his ability to give general satisfaction to all those who may favor him with their custom.

J. S. returns his thanks to his friends and the public, for the share of patronage he has hitherto enjoyed, and hopes still to receive a continuance of it, at his new establishment, between D street and Louisiana avenue.

NOTICE.

THE subscriber has taken the City Lunch, corner of 14th street and Pennsylvania avenue, formerly kept by John Hands, jr. where he intends keeping all the delicacies of the season, both in the eating and drinking way. Gentlemen will please call and taste for themselves.

Nov 23 LLOYD BROWN.

STAR COFFEE HOUSE.

Penn Av near 13th street, (*south side*)

The Bar is furnished with as good Spirituous Liquors, Wines, Porter, Ale and Cider as any other establishment in the city; and he intends keeping a constant supply of the best Oysters, *cooked in every way* and for rivate families.

JOHN PURDON.

MICHAEL McDERMOTT wishes to inform his customers and the Public in general, that he still continues to carry on the COACH MAKING BUSINESS, in all its branches, on Missouri avenue, between Four-and-a-half and Sixth streets, where he keeps constantly on hand for sale Family Carriages, Barouches, Vehicles, Buggies, Sulkies, Gigs, Carryalls, &c, made of the best materials and by selected workmen. He hopes by strict attention to business, to receive a share of public patronage.

Repairing done as usual.

VEGETABLE COUGH SYRUP.

For Colds, Whooping Cough, Pain and Soreness in the Breast, Influenza, Consumption, Hoarseness, Difficult Breathing, and Diseases of the Breast, and Lungs generally.

In presenting this useful remedy to the public, the proprietor wishes to state that his Syrup is composed of Irish moss, combined with such other articles as have been found best calculated to afford relief in the above named diseases.

This medicine has been used very extensively and the proprietor has not known a single instance in which it has failed giving relief in diseases for which it is recommended, even in cases approaching to consumption, attended with bleeding at the lungs; and when all other remedies had failed, the most decided and flattering success has attended its use. Common Colds, which are generally the effect of obstructed perspiration, will yield to its influence in a few hours; when used in Asthma, Hoarseness, Wheezing and shortness of breath, it gives immediate relief; in Whooping Cough it is without a rival. It operates by gentle expectoration, and may be given both to adults and infants with perfect safety.

Prepared and sold by C. J. THORPE, Chemist and Druggist.

And for sale by W. F. Bender, Charles Stott, E. H. & C. H. James.

DR. HOFFMAN'S PREPARATION.—A convenient cure for Tetters, Ringworms, &c. Just received and for sale by Wm. F. Bender, corner of 6th and Penn. Avenue.

TO THE AFFLICTED.—A fresh supply of the justly celebrated Fever and Ague Powders. Just received and for sale by Wm. F. Bender, corner of 6th st. and the Avenue.—Price 50 cents.

Cabinet Maker, Printer's Joiner, and Undertaker.

THE subscriber informs the public, that he is now about to commence in the various branches of his business at his old stand, near 7th street, between E and F streets, formerly occupied by Nathan Smith. He will make to order all kinds of CABINET WORK, at the shortest notice. PRINTER'S FURNITURE of every description made to order, and a portion will be kept on hand to suit the patterns of Intelligencer and Globe. He will attend to FUNERALS, as usual, in the city or country, at the shortest notice Long experience in the business, directs him to adopt the northern custom of keeping coffins ready made on hand, with Shrouds, Sheets, and every thing necessary for immediate interment, in case of plague and sudden death. Two first rate Hearses always in readiness to attend in this city or in the country.

PETER CALLAN.

june 15

BOARDING HOUSE.

Gentlemen of Congress who wish a house suited for one or three families, or for a mess of six or eight gentlemen can be accommodated at Mrs. Connor's, on Penn. Avenue east of 4½ street.

Nov 23, 1839.

PASSAGE TO NORFOLK, PORTSMOUTH, PETERSBURG, AND RICHMOND.—THREE TIMES A WEEK.

The steamboats Alabama, Capt. Sutton, and Kentucky, Capt. Holmes, will commence to run three times a week, [alternately,] on Monday, the 4th of March next, leaving the lower end of Spear's wharf, Baltimore, every Monday, Wednesday, and Friday afternoon, at 3½ o'clock, and arrive at Portsmouth next morning in time for the cars to Wilmington; and thence in steamboats to Charleston, which is the quickest, cheapest, and most comfortable route.

These boats also run in connection with the James river boats for Petersburg and Richmond, where they arrive next afternoon from Baltimore This is likewise by far the most pleasant route; having a comfortable night's rest, and no changes from steamboats, stages, and railroads, in the dead of night, as on the Washington route. The company having bought the new and beautiful steamboat Jewess for the purpose of running a daily line, due notice will be given thereof; and the company hope that travellers, will patronise this line assuring them that nothing shall be wanting on their part to give comfort and despatch.

JAMES FURGUSSON, Agent.

WASHINGTON BRANCH RAILROAD.—The passenger trains on this road will daily start as follows, viz:

FROM WASHINGTON TO BALTIMORE.

At 6 o'clock a. m and 4 o'clock p. m.

FROM BALTIMORE FOR WASHINGTON.

At 9 o'clock, a. m. and at 4 o,clock p. m.

Passengers by the morning train, if proceeding westwardly, can connect with the Western train on the Baltimore and Ohio rail road at the Reley house, reach Frederick in time for the Western stages that leave there at 12 o'clock, noon, or Harper's Ferry, in time for the evening train to Winchester; while passengers travelling eastwardly are conveyed through to Philadelphia without unnecessary detention at Baltimore, reaching Philadelphia in time for the evening line to New York; and thus accomplishing the journey from Washington to New York in one day.

Under no circumstances whatever can the train be delayed beyond the hour fixed starting. It is, therefore, respectfully suggested that passengers procure their tickets the previous evening; to enable them to do which, the office will be kept open till half past seven o'clock, p. m.

By order

SAMUEL STETTINIUS, Agent.

Mar 23

NEW BOOKS:

Romance of the Harem, by Miss Pardee, auther of 'City of the Sultan,' &c. in two volumes, 12mo.

The American in Paris, by John Sanderson, Esq. in two volumes, 12mo.

Indecision, a tale of, the far West, and other Poems, by B. K. Mitchel, M D. in one volume, 12mo.

Tales of Enterprise, for the amusement of youth, embellished with engravings on steel, in one small volume.

Just received for sale at

GARRET ANDERSON'S,

Pennsylvania avenue, between 11th and 12th streets.

mar 27 —

PHILADELPHIA SATURDAY COURIER.—Printed and published by A. M'Makin & E. Holden, at No. 72 Dock Street, corner of Walnut.

Terms of Subscription—$3 per annum $2 if paid in advance $1,25 in advance for six months.

Of Advertising.—$1 per square for each insertion. No yearly advertising admitted. These terms have been adopted both because the number of subscribers are so much larger than all the daily papers united, as to make them actually cheaper, and because a repetition of old advertisements affords no interest to the readers.

Papers discontinued only at the option of the publishers, while arrearages are due.

Small notes are received in payment of our bills.

Any person forwarding $10 will be entitled to six copies.

Postage on letters must invariably be paid.

Travelling Agents will much oblige by sending the numbers and time paid for, as well as invariably the names paid.

All remittances of money by mail are acknowledged in the 'Receipts by Mail.'

Agents for this paper are earnestly requested to make quick remittances, without which it is impossible to keep accounts even.

When a single paper is ordered by an agent, and postage accrues, if is invariably charged to the subscriber.

Directions must always be accompanied with the name of the subscriber, and the Post Office at which a paper is discontinued or paid for, and in case of a removal, the office from, as well as to, which the paper is to be changed.

FRANKLIN INN.—The Subscriber respectfully informs his friends and the public, that he has fitted up the above establishment in a manner calculated to merit a renewal of his former patronage

THOMAS BAKER.

nov. 17 tf.

FRESH

GARDEN AND FLOWER SEEDS, &c.

For sale, Wholesale and Retail, at

J. F. CALLAN'S,

Drug Store, Corner of E and 7th streets,

WASHINGTON CITY:

Among which may be found the following.

Artichoke, Asparagus, Beans, various kinds; Beets, every variety; Brussels Sprouts, Broceli, Collards, Cabbage, many sorts, Carrots, do. do. Cauliflowers, late and early, Celery, white and red, Chervil, or Salad, Corn Salad, Cress or Pepper Grass; Cucumber, late and early; Corn, early, prolific, and sweet; Egg Plant, white and purple; Endive Curled; Kale or Borecole; Leek, English and Scotch Lettuce, all the best *sorts*; Melons and Cantelopes; Nasturtium; Okra, excellent for Soups; Onions, white, red, and silver; Parsley, plain and curled; Parsnip, large; Peas, extra early, early and late; Pepper; Squash and other; Pumpkins, 'premium; Radishes, many sorts; Rhubarb, for Tarts, Salsify or Vegetable Oyster; Spinage, round and prickly; Squash, every variety; Tomato, the finest kind; Turnip, all the best sorts, Onion Sets, &c. &c.

Splendid Flower Seeds, Bulbous Roots, Dahlias, &c. &c.

☞These seeds are put up in small and convenient parcels, and are warranted true and genuine. The Roots, (particularly the Dahlias,) are of the most beautiful description, comprise all the new varieties, and will be sold at the New York prices.

*** Orders from a distance punctually attended to, and Seeds, Roots and Plants carefully packed to go to any part of the United States.

THE GENUINE VEGETABLE PILLS

☞ $100 *if they fail.* ☜

An effectual remedy for Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Gravel, Strictures, &c. &c.

Of all the remedies yet discovered for the cure of these complaints, the Vegetable Pills have proved the most effectual. They make a speedy and permanent cure, without regard to diet or exposure, and in the most obstinate cases, where all other remedies have failed, these Pills have been known to effect permanent cures. In more slight cases, they seldom ever require a longer time than from THREE TO SIX DAYS to effect a cure, and never have been known to fail.

These Pills possess great advantage over all other remedies of the kind, as they do not effect the breath, or cause any sickness of the stomach whatever; on the contrary they may be taken without the knowledge of the most intimate friend.

N. B. These Pills are put up in square boxes, with full directions accompanying each box, at $1 per box.

For sale Wholesale and Retail at the Drug Store, corner of Sixth street and Penn. Avenue, V. Harbaugh Charles Stott, W. Kirkwood, Washington, and by James Barry, Navy Yard.

PASSAGE TO CHARLESTON, S. C

THE steam packet GEORGIA, Captain Rollins will make a trip from Norfolk to Charleston on Friday the 16th instant; and on and after the 3d march next, she and the SOUTH CAROLINA Capt. Coffey, will commence their regular run of once a week, leaving Norfolk every Saturday, and Charleston every Friday. The engines have been overhauled and put in complete order.

These packets and officers are so well known to Southern travellers, it would be superfluous to say any thing of either. Each of them is furnished with 150 of the most approved Life Preservers. Passengers leaving Philadelphia the day previous will reach there by the Norfolk boats in full time!

Passage through from Philadelphia . $30
" " " Baltimore . 25
" " " Norfolk . . 23

Tickets may be had at the Baltimore Steamboat Office, Philadelphia, lower end of Chesnut street and at the Norfolk Steamboat Office, Baltimore lower end of Spear's wharf.

All baggage at the risk of the owners.

feb21 JAMES FERGUSON.

Cabinet, Chair, and Sofa Manufactory, AND UPHOLSTERY

G. W. DONN & CO.

Respectfully inform their friends, and the public in general, that they carry on the above named business in it various branches, and will manufacture to order any article in their line, also repair furniture of all descriptions in the best manner.

Their stock on hand in their Ware-room, on Pennsylvania Avenue, equidistant from the railroad depot and Capitol gate, will consist of

Spring and cushion seat Sofas, Sofa Bedsteads
Sideboards, Bureaus, (column, dressing and common)
Centre, side, column, pier, dressing, sofa, loo, dining and breakfast Tables
Wardrobes, Bedsteads
Mahogany, Rocker, parlor and other Chairs
Hair, moss and shuck Mattresses, &c.

All of which are of the best workmanship, and will be sold as reasonable as at any other establishment in Washington

Persons wishing to exchange their old furniture or new will give us a call.

Funerals attended to.

NEW BOOKS.—Damascus and Palmyra, a Journey in the East, with a sketch of this state and prospects of Syria, under Ibraham Pasha, by Charles D. Addison of the Inner Temple.

Outward Bound, or a Merchant's Adventures, the author of 'Ratlin the Reefer,' &c.

Are just received, for sale at

GARRET ANDERSON'S
Book, Stationary, and Fancy Store,
sept 8—tf

INDIAN RESTORATIVE.

For Restoring and Promoting the Growth of Hair.

THIS article not only promotes the Growth of Hair, but makes it soft and pliable. It prevents its falling off, and affords effectual nourishment to the Roots, restores it to its natural color, improves the beauty, and gradually changes light or red hair, to that of a brown or black. It also removes Dandruff, prevents baldness, and so extremely pleasant to use, that parents will find it of great advantage in cleaning children's heads: (as it is of great benefit to the health,) and is far superior to all other Restoratives, Balsams or Oils—and particularly in cases of Fever, when the hair begins to fall off There has never been any thing so effectual as the 'Indian Restorative.'

To be had Wholesale and Retail of Wm. F. Bender, corner of 6th st. and Penn. Av and by Charles Stott, corner of 7th street and Penn Av. Washington City, D. D.

In Baltimore by Dr. A. Penn, No. 9 South street.

CABINET CHAIR AND SOFA MANUFACTORY.

EDWIN GREEN has now on hand, and will continue to keep, for manufacture to order at the old Carpet Manufactory, corner of C and 10th streets, every variety in the above line, consisting—

Sideboards, with marble and mahogany tops
Pedestal and Pier Tables, with marble tops
Winged, Pilaster, plain and common Wardrobes
Sofas and Lounges of every variety
Mahogany Chairs do do
Fancy and common do do do
Dining Tables do do
Card do do do
Dressing Bureaus, with marble and mahogany do.
Scroll and Common Bureaus
Washstands, with marble, mahogany, and plain tops
Mahogany French high and low post bedsteads
Maple and Common do do
Centre Tables, with marble and mahogany tops
Music stools, Cribs, Cradles

Hair, Moss, and Shuck Matrasses &c. of the best workmanship and material, which he will sell especially for cash, as low as any manufactory in the Union.

Mahogany in the board, plank, and veneer, of various qualities, suitable for cabinet-makers and joiners, will always be kept for sale as low as can be bought elsewhere.

Waxing and varnishing promptly executed.

Furniture cars, with careful attendants, accustomed to handling furniture, will be kept for hire.

M. S. POWELL'S
SEED STORE
AND
Mulberry and Silk Agency.
No. 8 WALNUT STREET,
PHILADELPHIA

GOLD LEAF.—50 packets Philadelphia and Boston deep Gold Leaf, for sale by

J. L. PEABODY,
Centre Market Space.

ILLINOIS FARMS FOR SALE.

I have the disposal of several valuable farms in the State of Illinois, near Springfield, which will be sold a bargain, or exchanged for District property Some of them are handsomely improved, and in a good state of cultivation Apply to

W. W. CORCORAN.

PROPOSALS
FOR
PUBLISHING BY *SUBSCRIPTIONS*

The Authentic Report of the Controversial Discussion, that took place in the City of Dublin, in the year 1827, between the Rev THOMAS MAGUIRE, and the Rev R. T. P. POPE.

This celebrated work, the most remarkable controversial discussion of modern times, having gone through twenty-one editions in England and Ireland, where it is still read with extraordinary vidity, and in the United States passed through three editions, all of which are exhusted to the last copy; and the demand for it from all quarters, Catholic and Protestant, being still very great, it is proposed to re-publish it in Weekly Numbers at such a price as to put it within the reach of all without oppressing any.

Those in the City of N. York, who wish the work, will be served by leaving their names with the publisher, John Doyle, 294, Pearl Street, those at a distance can have it regularly mailed to them, by remitting one dollar in a post paid letter

Agents.—Mr Patrick Conolly, 118 Ann St. Boston;—Henry Mc Keon, Willings Alley, Philadelphia;—Mr. John Farnon, Utica, N. Y.;—Mr. Mathew McLeod, Georgetown, D. C;—Mr. Peter Haynes, Savannah, Geo—and the office of the U. S. Catholic Miscellany, Charleston, S. C.

It is a well known fact that this great controversy has converted more sectaries to the Catholic Church in England and Ireland, than any other work whatever; and has also been the happy means of bringing great numbers to the true faith in the United States. It is therefore hoped that every sincere Catholic will lend his aid, by putting down his name, to prevent so valuable a work from being out of print, more particularly when for his subscription, he will receive the utmost value.

CONDITIONS.

1 One thousand copies only will be printed.

2. The paper and print will both be excellent.

3 It will be issued in weekly parts at twelve and a-half cents each part payable on delivery.

4 The number of parts it will make cannot be ascertained with accuracy at present, but should it exceed eight, the overplus will be given gratis.

JAMES. ADAMS,
Lock and Gunsmith, and Bell Hanger,
Sixth street, between C and Louisiana Avenue
WASHINGTON,

Respectfully informs the public, that he will execute in a workman-like manner all branches of the above line, and in a way that will give satisfaction to his employers, with punctuality and despatch.

Nov 24, 1828

WASHINGTON FRANCH RAIL ROAD.

—The passenger trains on this road will daily start as follows, to wit.

From Washington for Baltimore, at 6 o'clock, a m and at 4 3 4 do. p m.
From Baltimore for Washington, at 9 o'clock, a m. and at 4 do p m

Passengers by the morning train, if proceeding westwardly, can connect with the western train on the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, at the Relay House, reach Frederick in time for the western stages that leave there at 12 o'clock noon, or Harper's Ferry in time for the evening train to Winchester; while passengers travelling eastwardly are conveyed through to Philadelphia without unnecessary detention at Baltimore, reaching Philadelphia in time for the evening line to New York, and thus accomplishing the journey from Washington to New York in one day.

Under no circumstances whatever can the train be delayed beyond the hour fixed for starting. It is, therefore, respectfully suggested the passengers procure their tickets the previous evening; to enable them to do which, the office will be kept open till 7 1-2 o'clock, p. m

By order.

feb 1 SAM. STETTINIUS, Agent.

NOTICE TO WESTERN TRAVELLERS.

FARE 2 dollars cheaper than any other line to Frederick or Wheeling.

The Fredericktown stage leaves the office opposite Gadsby's Hotel, daily, or Frederick and Wheeling. Passengers securing their seats at this office or in Baltimore, have a decided preference over all other passengers that steam it, for the West.

The stage will leave Fredericktown daily on the arrival of the Western stages, and arrive at Washington in time to take all Southern routes. By this line the passengers will arrive at Winchester the same day.

The coaches and teams on this route are of the first quality, with skilful and attentive drivers, and the proprietor pledges himself that every attention and accommodation will be given to the passengers who give this line their patronage.

feb 19 JOHN BROWN, Proprietor.

AGENCY AT WASHINGTON

JAMES H. CAUSTIN, (late of Baltimore having made this city his permanent residence and erected his dwelling and office directly opposite to the Department of State, will undertake with his accustomed zeal and diligence the settlement of claims generally, and more particularly claims against Congress against the United States or the several departments thereof, and before any board of commissioners that may be raised for the adjustment of spoliations or other claims. He will charge the net proceeds arising out of French spoliations prior to the year 1800, with reference to which, in addition to mass of documents and proofs in his possession, he has access to those in the archives of the Government.

Claimants and pensioners of the Navy fund, &c. bounty lands, return duties, &c. and those requiring life insurance, can have their business promptly attended to by letter, (post paid,) and thus relieve themselves from an expensive and inconvenient personal attendance.

Having obtained a commission of Notary Public, he is prepared to furnish legalized copies of any required public documents or other papers. He has been so long engaged in the duties of an agent, that it can only be necessary now to say that economy and prompt attention shall be extended to all business confided to his care; and that, to enable him to render his services and facilities more efficacious, he has become familiar with all the forms of office

SHERWOOD'S ELECTRO MAGNETIC REMEDIES FOR CHRONIC DISPASES of the class of Hypetrophy, including the forms of Scrofula, viz: Tubercula Consumption, Dyspepsia, Chronic Disease of the Liver of the Heart of the Spleen, of the Kidneys, of the Spine, White Swellings, Scrofulous Sore Eyes, Scald Head King' Evil, Leucorrœa, Chlorosis, Menorrhagia or Females complaints.

These are but different modifications of the same disease, arising from the same cause, distinguished by the same diagnosis and cured by the same remedies. Their common cause is an irregular action of the Electro Galvanic forces in the system they may all be detected by pressure upon the sides of the vertebræ and glands of the neck which elicits the Electro-Galvanic symptom, and they may be cured by these Electro-magnetic remedies: The latter are accompanied by a compendious medical treatise, explaining the principles of the discovery upon which they are founded, only stating the manner in which they are to be applied In this work Dr. Sherwood demonstrates the fact that every part of the human body, together with every particle of animate and inanimate matter is either in a negative or positive state of electricity, and that every motion in all matter, whether in the largest masses or in the smallest particles, is produced by the attracting and repelling forces of this universal principle. The morbid action which produces a disease of the organs or limbs, he proves to be occasioned by the undue preponderance of one of these forces in the system and his remedies restore health by subduing this irregular action to an equilibrium. By his means the very seeds of the disease are eradicated, and a permanent cure effected even in cases where all hope of relief from other sources is abandoned. The Electro-Magnetic remedies are the only preparations applicable to this prevailing class of diseases and they never disappoint the confidence reposed in them. The symptoms of the class of diseases to which they are applicable can be discovered, under the directions contained in the work which accompanies them without the aid of a physician, and they can be used with perfect safety and success without dieting or inconvenience, or any other further advice than this work affords. Price $10, for sale by

W. F. BENDER.
Corner between Brown's and Gadsby's.
March 16, 1828.

J. F. CALLAN
WASHINGTON,

Has just received a fresh supply of
Perfumery, Fancy Soaps and Cosmetics,

Manufactured by Johnson & Co. Wholesale Perfumers, (successors to Seyer & Co.) sign of the Civet Cat, corner of Cedar and William streets New York.

Cold Cream.

The exquisite preparation will be found particularly efficacious in all cutaneous affections as an emollient, its soothing and cooling properties stand unrivalled. No pains have been spared to produce it of the purest quality from the purest of materials, and we confidently offer it as an article of first rate toilet standing, which if equalled, certainly cannot be surpassed by any composition whatever.

Florida Water.

A most delicious perfume and agreeable change from the Eau de Cologne, whose delicacy and potent fragrancy it rivals. From its retentive qualities, it will be found an economical and powerful distributor of sweets for handkerchiefs or linen.

Bears' Oil

This preparation is recommended as possessing all the restorative qualities of the Bears' Grease, without the unpleasantness attending its use, and by the strength it acquires by concentration, a much less quantity will produce the same result It has also another property—that of drying, which however carefully Bears Grease may be prepared it cannot possess, indeed the Oil has so far superseded the use of the Grease by its superior cleanness, that the latter is but in little or no demand. The Oil now offered has been clarified from all impurities in the most skilful manner, by a chemical process, and is rendered very agreeable by being highly scented with the pure Persian Otto of Rose

GRECIAN DYE.

For changing the Color of the Hair, from Red or Grey to a Brown or Black.

Directions for Use—1st. The great art cannot be taken to cleanse the hair from grease, as the dye will not take effect unless it be entirely removed. To do which wash the hair in a solution of a cut a quarter of an ounce of pearlash to a quart of water, until it be perfectly clean; and, when it has become perfectly dry, is fitted to receive the preparation.

2d. To prevent the Dye from coloring the skin; grease the part around the hair which may be liable to be touched with it.

3d. To apply the Dye, shake it well, so as to raise the setting at the bottom; then, (having a piece of sponge ready, tied to the end of a small stick, about 3in inch wide.) pass a small comb to the roots of the hair to prevent the skin becoming discolored, pour a little into a cup or glass, comb the hair in one direction, dip your sponge into the dye, and rub it over the hair until it becomes slightly wet; let it remain till dry; then comb the hair in an opposite direction; repeat it till known and so on till the hair becomes black. The application could be made, the person sitting in the sun, for the brighter the sun appears, the sooner the dye becomes. If applied at night, or in the damp, it will have the desired effect.

4th. The day after the application of the dye wash the dye in a solution of salt. (Dissolve one ounce of salt to one pint of rain water.) This will set the color, and give it brilliancy.

Lastly. To avoid soiling the Skin or Linen, brown cloth over the shoulders, wear gloves to protect the hands, and should any of the liquid accidentally drop upon the skin, wipe it off immediately with a wet towel, and be careful not to take overmuch of the dye in the sponge at once. It may not be amiss to observe, that after the dye is set, washing the hair will rather improve than be any injury to it.

Honey Water.

As a wash for the hair, or for imparting a mild fragrancy to linen, this perfume possesses a delicacy which renders it peculiarly agreeable; in warm weather, from its revifying properties, it must always be considered as a neat and appropriate article for the toilet.

OTTAR GUL.
SPIRIT OF ROSES.

The perfume of the Rose has something so transcendently etherial, that it obtains in Persia, its native home, the name of Ottar or Soul: and the east of Roses, when these flowers break into bloom, is there celebrated with all that can be conceived of Eastern magnificence. To describe its qualities would be superfluous—sufficient it is to say, that the Spirit of "Roses" is inferior only to the genuine Persian Ottar, and indeed it approximates so closely as to be but with great difficulty distinguished. As a favorite with the fair, their own lovely type, it will ever stand unrivalled, and be cherished by them so long as taste and elegance shall remain.

Rose Water.

This is an article of universal repute, so much so, that it has even found its way into the mysteries of culinary skill, by which it is employed in imparting a flavor to conserves, &c. It behoves every one, therefore, to take particular care from whence they obtain it. Kimball and Co. pledge themselves that their Rose Water is a simple distillation from the queen of flowers, and that it is entirely free from any artificial compound; consequently, its native delicacy and fragrancy are not only preserved, but its use rendered innoxious as that of pure spring water.

Amboyna Lotion.

Next to cleanliness, (says the most celebrated dentist of the day,) I know nothing so conducive to the preservation of the Teeth and Gums, or to the purifying the breath, as the Amboyna Lotion and I advise every one who sets a value upon their possession invariably to use it."

With such strong remarks upon its merits, it would be futile in the proprietors to add in praise one word of their own; they will therefore confine themselves to giving proper directions for its use.

The Teeth should be cleansed with a soft brush, and the Patented Tooth Powder every morning, and the mouth and Gums rinsed with the Lotion by attending to these simple directions, those who have good Teeth, will infallibly preserve them and those whose Teeth have a tendency to decay will have the gratification of discovering that the evil can proceed no farther.